

## Yeas—28

Aikin	Lane
Brown	Moffett
Bullock	Morris
Carney	Parrish
Chadick	Phillips
Cousins	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Kelly of Tarrant	Vick
Knight	York

## Absent—Excused

Mauritz	Winfield
Weinert	

The President pro tempore then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time.

Senator Hazlewood offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Senate Bill No. 228 by striking out the words and figures "Fifteen (\$15.00) Dollars" wherever same appears in the body of the Bill and substituting in lieu thereof the words and figures "Twenty (\$20.00) Dollars."

The amendment was adopted unanimously.

The bill was passed by the following vote:

## Yeas—28

Aikin	Lane
Brown	Moffett
Bullock	Morris
Carney	Parrish
Chadick	Phillips
Cousins	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Kelly of Tarrant	Vick
Knight	York

## Absent—Excused

Mauritz	Winfield
Weinert	

## Message from the House

Hall of the House of Representatives,  
Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: I am directed by the House to inform the Senate:

The House has granted the request of the Senate for the appointment of a conference committee on Senate Bill No. 39. The House appointed the following: Timmons, Swanson, Craig, Gathings, Templeton.

Respectfully submitted,  
CLARENCE JONES,  
Chief Clerk, House of Representatives.

## Providing for Resolution In Memory of Honorable A. F. Winfield

Senator Aikin moved that a committee of three Members of the Senate be appointed to prepare a resolution in memory of Honorable A. F. Winfield, and that when the Senate adjourns today it do so in memory of Mr. Winfield.

The motion prevailed.

The President pro tempore, accordingly, appointed Senators Aikin, Hardeman and Taylor as members of the committee.

## Adjournment

On motion of Senator Aikin, the Senate, at 12:00 o'clock m., adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow.

## THIRTY-SIXTH DAY

(Tuesday, March 18, 1947)

The Senate met at 10:30 o'clock a. m., pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by the President pro tempore.

The roll was called and the following Senators were present:

Aikin	Hazlewood
Brown	Jones
Bullock	Kelley of Hidalgo
Carney	Knight
Chadick	Lane
Cousins	Moffett
Crawford	Morris
Hardeman	Parrish
Harris	Phillips

Proffer  
Ramsey  
Stanford  
Stewart

Strauss  
Taylor  
Vick  
York

A quorum was announced present.

Reverend J. E. Chester, Chaplain, offered the invocation.

On motion of Senator Aikin, and by unanimous consent, the reading of the Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

#### Leaves of Absence Granted

Senator Winfield was granted leave of absence for today on account of a death in his family on motion of Senator Hardeman.

Senator Weinert was granted leave of absence for today on account of illness on motion of Senator Bullock.

Senator Kelly of Tarrant was granted leave of absence for today on account of important business on motion of Senator Crawford.

#### Reports of Standing Committees

Senator York submitted the following reports:

Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Insurance, to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 243, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed, as amended.

YORK, Chairman.

Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Insurance, to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 263, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed, as amended.

YORK, Chairman.

Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: Your Committee on In-

surance, to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 214, instructs me to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended, and be printed.

YORK, Chairman.

Senator Kelley of Hidalgo, submitted the following reports:

Austin, Texas,  
March 18, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Constitutional Amendments, to whom was referred H. J. R. No. 3, have had same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed.

KELLEY of Hidalgo, Chairman.

Austin, Texas,  
March 18, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Constitutional Amendments, to whom was referred S. J. R. No. 8, have had same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed.

KELLEY of Hidalgo, Chairman.

Senator Ramsey submitted the following reports:

Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 241, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended, and be printed.

RAMSEY, Chairman.

Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Judicial Districts, to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 357, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do pass and be printed.

RAMSEY, Chairman.

Senator Jones submitted the following report:

Austin, Texas,  
March 17, 1947.

Hon. Allan Shivers, President of the Senate.

Sir: We, your Committee on Towns and City Corporations, to whom was referred Senate Bill No. 217, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do not pass, but that the committee substitute bill do pass and be printed.

JONES, Chairman.

C. S. S. B. No. 217 was read first time.

#### Senate Resolution 54

(Use of Senate Chamber Extended to American Legion)

Senator Crawford offered the following resolution:

Whereas, It has been the custom for several years for the American Legion to hold its annual High School Oratorical Contest in the Senate Chamber, and

Whereas, A number of outstanding High School boys and girls from throughout Texas will compete in this contest, and

Whereas, This contest has been set for Friday, March 21st, at 7:30 p. m., now, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate of Texas, that we extend the American Legion of Texas, the use of the Senate Chamber for the evening of Friday, March 21st, 1947.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

#### Senate Resolution 55

(Extending Thanks of the Senate to Citizens of Galveston.)

Senator York offered the following resolution:

Whereas, On March 13th and 14th, 1947, the City of Galveston and the Galveston Chamber of Commerce extended, through our very capable and esteemed colleague, Senator Jimmy Phillips, a very cordial invitation to the members of the Senate and their ladies to visit their city, and the University of Texas Medical School, and enjoy the festivities they had planned for our pleasure; and

Whereas, A noteworthy trip by plane was provided for the comfort and enjoyment of the members and their ladies, and a hearty welcome awaited us in Galveston, and a good time was had by all; and

Whereas, We were met at the plane by a group of citizens and escorted to the Medical School where the members of the Senate were shown picture slides of the Medical School accompanied by an enlightening discussion by Vice President C. D. Leake and other members of the staff; and later escorted through the different parts of the school; and the ladies were entertained at a tea in the Nurses' Home; and a most enjoyable dinner and evening of entertainment were had by the members and their ladies; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate of Texas, that we express our sincere thanks to the City of Galveston and the Chamber of Commerce of Galveston for their hospitality, and our most sincere appreciation to our colleague, the Honorable Jimmy Phillips, for his efforts in making the trip so enjoyable; and that a copy of this Resolution be mailed to the Galveston Chamber of Commerce.

The resolution was read and was adopted.

#### Senate Bill 172 on Passage to Engrossment

The President pro tempore laid before the Senate, as a special order for this hour, on its passage to engrossment:

S. B. No. 172, A bill to be entitled "An Act regulating traffic or travel upon the highways of the State of Texas; prescribing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this Act; containing a savings clause; and declaring an emergency."

The bill having been read second time on yesterday, and set as a special order for this hour.

Question—Shall the bill be passed to engrossment?

Senate Bill No. 172 was passed to engrossment.

#### Senate Bill 172 on Third Reading

Senator Harris moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 172 be

placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

**Yeas—21**

Aikin	Morris
Brown	Parrish
Bullock	Proffer
Chadick	Ramsey
Cousins	Stanford
Crawford	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Lane	York
Moffett	

**Nays—3**

Hardeman	Phillips
Knight	

**Absent**

Carney	Tynan
Hazlewood	

**Absent—Excused**

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The President pro tempore then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed.

**Record of Votes**

Senators Knight, Hardeman and Phillips asked to be recorded as voting "Nay" on the final passage of the bill.

**Senate Bill 247 on Second Reading**

On motion of Senator Cousins, and by unanimous consent, the regular order of business was suspended to take up for consideration at this time:

S. B. No. 247, A bill to be entitled "An Act providing for the compensation of all county treasurers in all counties having a population of not less than 175,000 inhabitants and not more than 220,000 inhabitants according to the preceding Federal census, general or special; providing for the appointment and compensation of one assistant; and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time and was passed to engrossment.

**Senate Bill 247 on Third Reading**

Senator Cousins moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 247 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

**Yeas—24**

Aikin	Moffett
Bullock	Morris
Chadick	Parrish
Cousins	Phillips
Crawford	Proffer
Hardeman	Ramsey
Harris	Stanford
Hazlewood	Stewart
Jones	Strauss
Kelley of Hidalgo	Taylor
Knight	Vick
Lane	York

**Absent**

Brown	Tynan
Carney	

**Absent—Excused**

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The President pro tempore then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed.

**House Bill 288 on Second Reading**

On motion of Senator Taylor, and by unanimous consent, the regular order of business was suspended to take up for consideration at this time:

H. B. No. 288, A bill to be entitled "An Act making appropriation to pay deficiency appropriations granted by the Governor prior to January 1, 1947, and for which no appropriations have heretofore been made; and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time and was passed to third reading.

**House Bill 288 on Third Reading**

Senator Taylor moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that H. B. No. 288 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

## Yeas—25

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

## Absent

Hazlewood	Tynan
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## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The President pro tempore then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed by the following vote:

## Yeas—25

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

## Absent

Hazlewood	Tynan
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## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

## Senate Resolution 56

(To Amend Temporary Rules)

Senator Morris offered the following resolution:

Be it Resolved that the temporary rules of the Senate be amended by adding a new rule to read as follows:

Bills and resolutions shall be considered in the order in which they ap-

pear on the calendar, provided that any bill or resolution not considered when reached on the calendar shall automatically be placed at the end of the calendar for the next day.

The resolution was read.

Senator Morris moved that the regular order of business be suspended to take up Senate Resolution No. 56 for consideration at this time.

Yeas and nays were demanded.

The motion was lost by the following vote (not receiving the necessary two-thirds vote):

## Yeas—15

Aikin	Morris
Brown	Stanford
Bullock	Stewart
Chadick	Strauss
Cousins	Taylor
Crawford	Tynan
Harris	Vick
Hazlewood	

## Nays—10

Hardeman	Moffett
Jones	Phillips
Kelley of Hidalgo	Proffer
Knight	Ramsey
Lane	York

## Absent

Carney	Parrish
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## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

## Senate Bill 168 on Second Reading

On motion of Senator Stewart, and by unanimous consent, the regular order of business was suspended to take up for consideration at this time:

S. B. No. 168, A bill to be entitled "An Act to authorize County Judges and Judges of County Courts at Law in counties having two or more County Courts at Law to draw jurors when the number of jurors available for service in such courts shall be deemed insufficient by the judges thereof, and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time and was passed to engrossment.

## Senate Bill 168 on Third Reading

Senator Stewart moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to

be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 168 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

## Yeas—26

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Chadick	Phillips
Cousins	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Knight	Vick
Lane	York

## Absent

Carney

## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The President pro tempore then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed by the following vote:

## Yeas—26

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Chadick	Phillips
Cousins	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Knight	Vick
Lane	York

## Absent

Carney

## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

## Senate Bill 270 on Second Reading

On motion of Senator Vick, and by unanimous consent, the regular order of business was suspended to take up for consideration at this time:

S. B. No. 270, A bill to be entitled "An Act creating a more efficient road

system for Limestone County, Texas, for the maintenance of public roads and highways other than designated State highways located in Limestone County, Texas; conferring upon the Commissioners' Court of said county full power, authority and supervision of all public roads therein, other than designated State highways; prescribing the powers, rights and duties of the Commissioners' Court of Limestone County, Texas; repealing all laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith; and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time and was passed to engrossment.

## Senate Bill 270 on Third Reading

Senator Vick moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 270 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

## Yeas—26

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Chadick	Phillips
Cousins	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Knight	Vick
Lane	York

## Absent

Carney

## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The President pro tempore then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed by the following vote:

## Yeas—26

Aikin	Cousins
Brown	Crawford
Bullock	Hardeman
Chadick	Harris

Hazlewood	Proffer
Jones	Ramsey
Kelley of Hidalgo	Stanford
Knight	Stewart
Lane	Strauss
Moffett	Taylor
Morris	Tynan
Parrish	Vick
Phillips	York

Absent

Carney

Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

**Senate Bill 20 on Second Reading**

On motion of Senator Kelley of Hidalgo, and by unanimous consent, the regular order of business was suspended to take up for consideration at this time:

'S. B. No. 20, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending House Bill No. 57, Chapter 442, Acts of the 44th Legislature, Second Called Session, 1935, fixing the compensation of District Attorneys in all Judicial Districts in this State; providing such compensation shall include the Five Hundred (\$500.00) Dollars per year now allowed by the Constitution; providing that District Attorneys shall not be deprived of their expense allowance; providing for the re-appropriation of all moneys heretofore appropriated to pay fees, salaries and per diem accounts of the officers named herein; providing for the disposition of fees, commissions and perquisites earned and collected by said District Attorneys; providing that nothing in this Act shall affect the law now in existence with reference to Assistant District Attorneys, Investigators and Stenographers; providing that nothing in this Act shall affect Criminal District Attorneys whose District is composed of only one (1) county, and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time.

Senator Kelley of Hidalgo offered the following committee amendment to the bill:

Said bill be amended by deleting the words and figures "Six Thousand (\$6,000.00)" wherever the same appears in said bill and substituting in lieu thereof the words and figures "Five Thousand, Five Hundred Dollars, (\$5,500.00)."

Senator Lane offered the following substitute for the amendment:

Said bill be amended by deleting the words and figures "Six Thousand (\$6,000.00)" wherever the same appear in said bill and substituting in lieu thereof the words and figures "Five Thousand, (\$5,000.00)."

LANE  
WEINERT

Question first recurring on the substitute, yeas and nays were demanded.

The substitute was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—14

Aikin	Lane
Bullock	Moffett
Cousins	Proffer
Hardeman	Ramsey
Harris	Stewart
Jones	Taylor
Knight	York

Nays—13

Brown	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Stanford
Crawford	Strauss
Hazlewood	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Morris	

Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

Question then recurring on the amendment, as substituted, it was adopted.

Senator Chadick offered the following amendment to the bill:

(Senator Aikin in the chair.)

Amend Senate Bill No. 20 by adding a new Section thereto to be entitled Section 1A to read as follows: to-wit:

"Section 1A. The State's Attorney assigned to and practicing before the Court of Criminal Appeals shall receive from the State as pay for his services the sum of Seventy-five Hundred (\$7,500.00) Dollars per year, such salary shall be paid in twelve (12) monthly equal installments upon warrants drawn on the State Comptroller of Public Accounts upon the State Treasury."

The amendment was adopted.

Senator Chadick offered the following amendment to the bill:

Amend Senate Bill No. 20 as amended, by adding the following words immediately after the words "District Attorneys" in line 17, page 1, to-wit:

"fixing the compensation of the State's Attorney before the Court of Criminal Appeals and providing the manner of payment;"

The amendment was adopted.

On motion of Senator Kelley of Hidalgo, and by unanimous consent, the caption was amended to conform with the body of the bill as amended.

Senate Bill No. 20 was passed to engrossment.

#### Senate Bill 20 on Third Reading

Senator Kelly of Tarrant moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 270 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

#### Yeas—27

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

#### Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The Presiding Officer then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed by the following vote:

#### Yeas—26

Brown	Harris
Bullock	Hazlewood
Carney	Jones
Chadick	Kelley of Hidalgo
Cousins	Knight
Crawford	Lane
Hardeman	Moffett

Morris	Stewart
Parrish	Strauss
Phillips	Taylor
Proffer	Tynan
Ramsey	Vick
Stanford	York

#### Nays—1

Aikin

#### Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

#### Senate Bill 178 on Second Reading

Senator Ramsey moved to suspend the regular order of business to take up Senate Bill No. 178 for consideration at this time.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

#### Yeas—26

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Knight	Vick
Lane	York

#### Nays—1

Cousins

#### Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The Presiding Officer then laid before the Senate on its second reading and passage to engrossment:

S. B. No. 178, A bill to be entitled "An Act declaring a State policy with respect to the maintenance of water, gas and electric service by a utility as defined in said Act; defining terms; prohibiting any person or group of persons from picketing the premises of such a utility or otherwise harassing or intimidating utility employees who are entering or leaving such premises, or to do any other acts intended or calculated to disrupt the service of such utility or to prevent the maintenance there-

of; providing a procedure for the enforcement of the provisions of the Act by injunction in the district courts of the State; providing that any person or persons who willfully destroy any property, equipment, machinery or facility used by such a utility in furnishing service to the public, or who commit any act of sabotage for the purpose of disrupting such utility service or for the purpose of preventing the maintenance of such service shall be guilty of a felony and fixing the punishment therefor; requiring the Governor and the Executive Department to utilize all lawful powers in the enforcement of the Act; providing that the Act shall not limit the right of an employee to quit work or to refuse to report for work; containing a severability clause; and declaring an emergency."

The bill was read second time.

Senator Ramsey offered the following committee amendment to the bill:

(1)

Amend Senate Bill No. 178 by striking out all below the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Section 1. It is hereby declared the policy of this State that continuous service by public utilities furnishing electric energy, natural or artificial gas, or water to the public is absolutely essential to the life, health and safety of all of the people, and that the wilful interruption or stoppage of such services by any person or group of persons is a public calamity which cannot be endured. "Utilities" as herein defined are dedicated to the service of the public, and the primary duty of such a utility, its management and employees, is the maintenance of continuous and adequate service at all times in order that the safety and health of the people may be protected against the danger inherent in the disruption or cessation of such service. All courts and all administrative agencies of this State are enjoined to recognize this policy and in particular, to interpret and to apply this Act in accordance with such policy.

(a) Any private corporation doing business in Texas, and having the right of eminent domain, and engaged in the business of generating, transmitting or distributing electric energy to the public; or

(b) Any private corporation doing

business in Texas, and having the right of eminent domain, and engaged in the business of producing, transmitting, or distributing natural or artificial gas to the public; or

(c) Any private corporation doing business in Texas, and having the right of eminent domain, and engaged in the business of furnishing water to the public; or

(d) Any State agency, authority, subdivision or municipality engaged in the business of furnishing any of the above described services to the public.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to picket the plant, premises or any part of the property of a public utility, as defined herein, with the intent to disrupt the service of such utility or to prevent the maintenance thereof, or if such picketing has the effect of disrupting the service or preventing the maintenance thereof. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to intimidate, threaten or harass any employee of such utility with the intention of disrupting its service or preventing the maintenance thereof, or if such intimidation, threats or harassment has the effect of disrupting the service of such utility, or preventing the maintenance thereof.

Sec. 4. When any utility, as defined herein, shall present a verified petition to the Judge of any District Court, alleging that within such judicial district a person or persons are violating the provisions of Section 3 of this Act, or are threatening to violate said provisions, and that such violation or threatened water violation will prevent or interfere with the maintenance of adequate water service or electric or gas service, and describes the acts done or committed which are in violation of said Section 3, or the threatened acts which, if committed, will violate the provisions thereof, it shall be the duty of the Judge to forthwith inquire into the matter, and if it appears that the provisions of Section 3 are being violated, or that there is a threat to violate said provisions, he shall immediately issue an order restraining such person or persons, their agents, and all parties acting with them from committing any acts or doing any of the things prohibited by the provisions of Section 3 hereof, said restraining order to become effective when the plaintiff shall have filed with the clerk of said

court a good and sufficient bond to cover such court costs as may reasonably accrue in connection with the case, the amount of which cost bond shall be fixed by the court. The cause shall be docketed and tried as in the case of other suits for writs of injunction, except that no judgment rendered therein shall be superseded pending appeal. The venue of suits of this character shall be in any District Court in any Judicial District in which the violation or threat to violate the provisions of Section 3 hereof may occur, and the various District Judges shall have full authority to enforce all orders and writs of injunction issued to protect the life, health and safety of the public.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall wilfully damage or destroy any building, equipment, machinery or facility used in furnishing utility service by any utility as defined in Section 2 hereof, or who interferes with, or commits any act of sabotage affecting any machinery, equipment, or facilities of any such utility for the purpose of disrupting the service provided by such utility, or for the purpose of preventing the maintenance of such service, shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by confinement in the State penitentiary for not less than two (2) years, nor more than five (5) years.

The word "sabotage" as used in this Act shall be construed to include any intentional tampering with, any building, machinery, structure, wires, poles, towers, pumps, pipe lines, meters, switches, transformers, or any other equipments to property of any sort used by a utility as defined herein in furnishing water, gas, or electric service.

Sec. 5A. If any two or more persons shall enter into any agreement, compact, or plan to violate any of the provisions of Section 5 of this Act, or any agreement, compact, or plan to persuade, induce or employ some person to violate the provisions of said Section, every person participating in such agreement, compact or plan shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by confinement in the State penitentiary for not less than two (2) nor more than five (5) years. In order that such offense be complete it shall not be necessary that an overt act be committed pursuant to such agreement, compact, or plan. The provi-

sions of this section shall be cumulative of other Statutes relating to conspiracy.

Sec. 6. In accordance with the declared policy of this State, as set out in Section 1 hereof, it shall be the duty of the Governor, and of the Executive Department under his direction, to exercise all of the powers available under the Constitution and laws of the State to protect the public from the dangers incident to stoppage or interruption in water, electric or gas utility service in any place in Texas, because of a violation of any of the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 7. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as a limitation upon the right of any employee of a public utility to quit work and to leave the premises of his employer at any time he choose so to do, or to refuse to report for work when he so desires.

Sec. 7. If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence or clause of this Act shall be held invalid, unconstitutional or inoperative, such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of the Act, but the remainder of the Act shall be given effect as if such invalid, unconstitutional or inoperative portion had not been included, and the Legislature hereby declares that it would have passed the remainder of the Act regardless of the inclusion or exclusion of such portion.

Sec. 9. The fact that under the present law there is no adequate protection against the grave dangers to life, health and safety of the public when any person or group or persons wilfully prevent the maintenance of water, gas or electric service by a utility, as defined herein, and the fact that such service must be maintained and that it is the duty of the State to prevent the wilful interference with and intimidation of the employees of any such utility creates a dire emergency and an imperative public necessity that the Constitutional Rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each House be suspended, and said rule is hereby suspended, and this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

The amendment was adopted.

Senator Ramsey offered the following committee amendment to the bill:

(2)

Amend Senate Bill No. 178 by striking out all above the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

## A BILL

## To Be Entitled

"An Act declaring a State policy with respect to the maintenance of water, gas and electric service by a utility as defined in said Act; defining terms; prohibiting any person or group of persons from picketing the plant, premises or any part of the property of such utility, or from intimidating, threatening or harassing any employee of such utility is such picketing, intimidation, threats or harassment is done with the intent to disrupt the service of such utility or to prevent the maintenance thereof, or results in the disruption of such service or prevents the maintenance thereof; providing a procedure for the enforcement of the provisions of the Act by injunction in the district courts of the State; providing that any person or persons who wilfully destroy any property, equipment, machinery or facility used by such a public, or who commit any act of utility in furnishing service to the sabotage for the purpose of disrupting such utility service or for the purpose of preventing the maintenance of such service shall be guilty of a felony and fixing the punishment therefor; defining the word sabotage as used in this Act; providing that if any two or more persons form an agreement, compact or plan to violate the provisions of Section 5 of this Act, or an agreement, compact or plan to induce, persuade, or employ any person to violate the provisions of Section 5 of this Act, they shall be guilty of a felony; and fixing the punishment therefor; and providing that no overt act pursuant to such agreement, compact or plan shall be necessary in order that the offense be complete; providing that this section shall be cumulative of other laws; requiring the Governor and the Executive Department to utilize all lawful powers in the enforcement of the Act; providing that the Act shall not limit the right of an employee to quit work or to refuse to report for work; containing a severability clause; and declaring an emergency."

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was passed to engrossment.

## Senate Bill 178 on Third Reading

Senator Ramsey moved that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended and that S. B. No. 178 be placed on its third reading and final passage.

The motion prevailed by the following vote.

## Yeas—25

Aikin	Morris
Brown	Parrish
Bullock	Phillips
Carney	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Knight	Vick
Lane	York
Moffett	

## Nays—1

Cousins

## Present—Not Voting

Chadick

## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The Presiding Officer then laid the bill before the Senate on its third reading and final passage.

The bill was read third time and was passed.

## Statement Regarding Vote on Senate Bill 178

Senator Chadick submitted the following statement in writing:

I am abstaining from voting on Senate Bill No. 178 at all stages of its consideration for the reason that I am a member of the Wood County Rural Electric Cooperative and this bill has a direct effect upon such utility. It might be said I am voting for a bill in which I have a direct interest. I believe it is not good public policy for a member to vote upon any proposed legislation in which he may have a direct interest. If I were voting I would vote for the bill.

CHADICK.

## Senate Bill 360 on First Reading

Senator Phillips moved that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5

of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

## Yeas—27

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on State Affairs.

S. B. No. 360, A bill to be entitled "An Act authorizing the payment of reasonable fees and charges to the University of Texas School of Medicine, the State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children, and the John Sealy Hospital at Galveston for hospitalization and professional services rendered by members of the staffs of said institutions in the care, diagnosis, and treatment of crippled children under the provisions of Chapter 216. Acts, Regular Session, Forty-ninth Legislature, and in the hospitalization and care of patients from the Eleemosynary Institutions of the State under the direction of the State Board of Control, such payments to be based upon proper vouchers or claims to be submitted to and approved by the State Comptroller of Public Accounts and upon warrants issued by the Comptroller to be paid out of available funds of the Crippled Children's Division of the State Department of Health; providing that such payments shall be credited and deposited to the local institutional funds of the respective institutions entitled thereto; and declaring an emergency."

## Senate Bill 361 on First Reading

Senator Kelley of Hidalgo moved

that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

## Yeas—27

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

## Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

S. B. No. 361, A bill to be entitled "An Act to create the Texas State Guard Reserve Corps from former members of the Texas Defense Guard, Texas State Guard, Texas National Guard and former members of the armed forces of the United States of America to be known as Article 5891C of the Revised Civil Statutes of Texas; to provide for an Advisory Board; retirement of personnel; removal of personnel; maintenance of records; defining active duty status; and empowering the Governor to prescribe rules and regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act; repealing all laws in conflict; providing for a saving clause; and declaring an emergency."

## Senate Bill 362 on First Reading

Senator Kelley of Hidalgo moved that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

## Yeas—27

Aikin	Brown
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Bullock	Morris
Carney	Parrish
Chadick	Phillips
Cousins	Proffer
Crawford	Ramsey
Hardeman	Stanford
Harris	Stewart
Hazlewood	Strauss
Jones	Taylor
Kelley of Hidalgo	Tynan
Knight	Vick
Lane	York
Moffett	

**Absent—Excused**

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Boundaries.

S. B. No. 362, A bill to be entitled "An Act to create the appointive office of assistant to the county judge in certain counties; and to provide an equitable and sufficient salary therefor; and to create the office of secretary to the county judge in such counties; and to provide an equitable and sufficient salary therefor; and declaring an emergency."

**Senate Bill 363 on First Reading**

Senator Stanford moved that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

**Yeas—27**

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

**Absent—Excused**

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on State Affairs:

S. B. No. 363, A bill to be entitled "An Act granting permission to The Steck Company, a Texas Corporation, to bring suit against the State of Texas and/or the State Board of Control and any other parties who may be proper or necessary in the prosecution of said suit, in a court of competent jurisdiction in Travis County, Texas, to ascertain and fix the amount, if any, due The Steck Company by reason of the delivery to and acceptance and use by the State Board of Control of 39,603,690 cigarette stamps belonging to The Steck Company; providing the usual rules of law and procedure to apply and that no admission of liability of the State of Texas is made by this act; providing that process in such suit may be served upon the Governor of Texas and the Attorney General of Texas; providing that if any provisions of this act shall be invalid, the validity of the other provisions thereof shall not be affected; and declaring an emergency."

**Senate Bill 364 on First Reading**

Senator Harris moved that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

**Yeas—27**

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

**Absent—Excused**

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on Towns and City Corporations.

S. B. No. 364, A bill to be entitled "An Act authorizing the separation or divorcement of public schools from municipal control in certain extended municipal school districts pursuant to an election to be held for that purpose; defining the term "extended municipal school district"; prescribing the method of procedure precedent to calling such an election; providing that such election shall be held, as nearly as possible in compliance with law with reference to regular city elections, and prescribing qualifications of voters at such elections; prescribing form of ballot for such election; prescribing certain duties of the governing body of the city or town and board of education or trustees of the extended municipal school district in respect to declaring the result of such election; providing that if the proposition is defeated, no election for that purpose shall be ordered until after expiration of one (1) year from the date of such election; providing that except as herein defined or limited, such school district, after separation from municipal control, shall have all powers of independent school districts and/or towns and villages incorporated for free school purposes only, conferred by Title 49, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, of 1925, and amendments thereto; providing that the trustees of any independent school district, separated from municipal control, shall have power to levy and collect an annual school tax of not exceeding One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents (\$1.25) on the One Hundred Dollars (\$100) valuation, which may be used for maintenance and to pay the principal and interest on all bonds issued or to be hereafter issued for school building purposes by any such independent school district; providing that nothing herein shall be construed as abrogating or repealing any existing maintenance tax and/or bond tax; providing that no increase in maximum rate of school maintenance tax and/or bond debt of any such districts shall be authorized until after an election shall have been held wherein a majority of the tax-paying voters, voting at said election, shall have voted in favor of said tax or the issuance of said bonds; providing that the bonds of any such district shall not exceed in amount seven (7) per centum of the assessed value of taxable property of such district; providing for the election of trustees of such school districts;

providing for appointment and compensation of assessor and collector of taxes, and providing that city assessor and collector shall be appointed to such office; providing that title to all school property shall immediately vest in the board of education or trustees of the school district; providing that all bonds and obligations of any such city or town, as an extended municipal school district, shall become obligations and debts of the independent school district at the time of separation from municipal control, and it shall not be necessary to call an election for the assumption of such debts; providing that if any section or part of this act is held unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this act; providing this act shall not repeal any existing law, and especially shall not repeal Chapter 202, General Laws of the Forty-first Legislature of 1929; nor shall it repeal Chapter 88, General Laws of the Forty-fourth Legislature, Regular Session of 1935; enacting provisions incident and relating to the subject and purpose of this act, and declaring an emergency."

#### Senate Bill 365 on First Reading

Senator Strauss moved that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

Yeas—27

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on Finance.

S. B. No. 365, A bill to be entitled "An Act providing that to each county, district, or governmental entity which heretofore has been granted or donated all or a portion of the State Ad Valorem Taxes to be collected in such county, entity or district for (among other years) the year 1946, there is hereby granted and donated the same percentage of State Ad Valorem Taxes collected or to be collected in such county, district or governmental entity, for one additional year, and being for the first year after the expiration of such prior donation or grant. Such donations or grants shall be for the same purposes and be used in the same manner, except as provided in Section 2 hereof, as such prior donations or grants; providing that such counties, governmental entities or districts may borrow money against such additional donation or grant to pay principal or interest on outstanding bonds; providing that such counties, entities or districts may refund outstanding bonds, and declaring an emergency."

#### Senate Bill 366 on First Reading

Senator Lane moved that the rules adopted pursuant to Section 5 of Article III of the State Constitution be suspended to permit his introducing at this time a bill, the provisions of which he explained.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

#### Yeas—27

Aikin	Moffett
Brown	Morris
Bullock	Parrish
Carney	Phillips
Chadick	Proffer
Cousins	Ramsey
Crawford	Stanford
Hardeman	Stewart
Harris	Strauss
Hazlewood	Taylor
Jones	Tynan
Kelley of Hidalgo	Vick
Knight	York
Lane	

#### Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The following bill then was introduced, read first time and referred to the Committee on Education.

S. B. No. 366, A bill to be entitled

"An Act providing that county line consolidated rural high school districts having a scholastic population of more than five hundred (500) and less than seven hundred fifty (750) approved scholastics according to the Scholastic Census for the preceding year, and located partially within and supervised by counties with population of not less than fifty-one thousand (51,000) and not more than fifty-two thousand (52,000) inhabitants according to the last preceding Federal Census shall have all the rights, power and privileges given independent school districts by the general laws of this State; and declaring an emergency."

#### Senate Bill 367 on First Reading

By unanimous consent, the following local bill was introduced at this time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Boundaries.

By Senator Lane:

S. B. No. 367, A bill to be entitled "An Act creating a more efficient road system for Panola County, Texas, for the maintenance of public roads and highways other than designated State Highways located in Panola County, Texas; conferring upon the Commissioners' Court of said county full power, authority and supervision of all public roads therein, other than designated State Highways; prescribing the powers, rights and duties of the Commissioners' Court of Panola County, Texas, over such public roads; providing for the creation of a general road and bridge fund for such county; providing for the appropriation and expenditure of the moneys coming into such road and bridge fund; providing that it shall be unlawful to create obligations or issue warrants against such fund, unless there are cash balances available to pay such obligation or warrant, and prescribing the penalty for violation; authorizing the Commissioners' Court to cooperate with the State Highway Commission and other officers of the State and Federal Government in the construction of local and farm to market roads; providing it shall be unlawful to deposit trash or debris on the public roads of Panola County, Texas, and prescribing the penalty for violation thereof; providing that the courts shall take cognizance of this Act as a public acts, making the act cumulative of the

general laws; providing that the provisions of this Act shall be effective in case of conflict with the general laws; providing that if any portion of this Act shall be held unconstitutional, such holding shall not affect the other portions thereof; repealing all laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith; and declaring an emergency."

#### Messages from the Governor

The Presiding Officer laid before the Senate and directed the Secretary to read the following message from the Governor today:

Austin, Texas,  
March 18, 1947.

To the Members of the Fiftieth Legislature:

I have been advised that the presence in certain East Texas counties of numerous foxes infected with rabies is causing a serious threat to the health and safety of the people in that section of the State.

I have been in consultation with the Game, Fish and Oyster Commission in reference to the menace. That Commission is now experimenting with the new cyande gas gun as a means of destroying the fox. If this test is successful, five hundred such guns will be made available to East Texas immediately.

The Commission is recommending also that privately-owned steel traps in that area be pressed into service. Commission employees capable of furnishing guidance in the matters of effective baits and methods of trapping are being dispatched to the counties affected.

I am advised that legislation is being proposed to meet this situation. In view of the menace of these animals to the safety of the public, I submit the subject of their control or eradication as a matter for emergency legislation as provided under the authority of Section 5, Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas.

Respectfully submitted,

BEAUFORD H. JESTER,  
Governor of Texas.

The following message received from the Governor today was laid before the Senate, read, and referred to Committee on Nominations of the Governor:

Austin, Texas,  
March 18, 1947.

To the Members of the Fiftieth Legislature:

I ask the advice, consent and confirmation of the Senate with respect to the following appointments:

To be Presiding Judge of the First Administrative Judicial District of Texas:

Honorable W. L. (Jack) Thornton of Dallas, Dallas county.

To be Presiding Judge of the Ninth Administrative Judicial District of Texas:

Honorable Luther Gribble of Wellington, Collingsworth County.

Respectfully submitted,

BEAUFORD H. JESTER,

Governor of Texas.

#### Bills and Resolutions Signed

(President pro tempore in the Chair.)

The President pro tempore signed in the presence of the Senate, after giving due notice thereof, the following enrolled bills and resolutions:

H. B. No. 205, A bill to be entitled "An Act to amend Article 6288, Revised Civil Statutes; and declaring an emergency."

H. B. No. 200, A bill to be entitled "An Act making it unlawful to catch fish, with traps, seines, and nets in the waters of the Angelina and Neches Rivers in Cherokee County; providing a penalty for violation; and declaring an emergency."

H. B. No. 48, A bill to be entitled "An Act to validate the organization and creation of all school districts, including any independent school district controlled by a municipality and including common school districts, independent school districts, consolidated common school districts, all county line school districts, including county line common school districts, county line independent school districts, county line consolidated common school districts, county line consolidated independent school districts, rural high school districts, and all other school districts, whether created by general or special law, or by vote of the people residing in any

such districts, etc.; and declaring an emergency."

S. B. No. 129, A bill to be entitled "An Act providing an open season for hunting, taking, and killing quail in Rains County, Texas, fixing the days on which such hunting is permitted; fixing the limit on the number of quail killed or that any person may have in possession at any time; making said Act applicable to all varieties of quail; fixing a penalty; repealing all laws in conflict with this Act, and declaring an emergency."

H. B. No. 51, A bill to be entitled "An Act amending Article 5142 of the Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended by Act of 1945, Forty-ninth, Legislature, page 282, Chapter 205, so that same shall apply to Counties of from 20,000 to 80,000 population, having an assessed valuation of from \$14,500,000 to \$20,000,000, in which Counties one juvenile officer may be appointed by the Commissioners' Court, when in their judgment such officer is needed, who shall receive a salary of not more than \$200.00 per month; and declaring an emergency."

H. C. R. No. 51, Granting each House permission to adjourn from March 13, 1947, until Monday, March 17, 1947.

H. C. R. No. 24, To grant H. E. Franks permission to sue the State.

### Adjournment

Senator Brown moved that the Senate adjourn until 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow.

Senator Phillips moved that the Senate recess to 2:30 o'clock p. m., today.

Question first recurring on the motion of Senator Brown, yeas and nays were demanded.

The motion prevailed by the following vote:

#### Yeas—17

Brown	Lane
Carney	Moffett
Chadick	Ramsey
Cousins	Stewart
Crawford	Taylor
Hardeman	Tynan
Harris	Vick
Jones	York
Knight	

#### Nays—10

Aikin	Parrish
Bullock	Phillips
Hazlewood	Proffer
Kelley of Hidalgo	Stanford
Morris	Strauss

#### Absent—Excused

Kelly of Tarrant	Weinert
Mauritz	Winfield

The Senate, accordingly, at 12:05 o'clock p. m., adjourned until 10:00 o'clock a. m., tomorrow.

In Memory of  
**Honorable A. F. Winfield**

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Senator Aikin offered the following resolution:

(Senate Resolution 53)

Whereas, On the 17th day of March, 1947, at San Antonio, Texas, the Honorable A. F. Winfield departed this life, and

Whereas, He was born September 11, 1891, in San Antonio where he resided all of his life, and

Whereas, He was a member of the Travis Park Methodist Church, a 32nd Degree Mason and a member of the Alzfar Shrine Temple, and

Whereas, A. F. Winfield was a man of much personal charm and interested in public affairs in a quiet and unassuming manner, and

Whereas, It is the desire of the Senate to express our sincere sympathy to the entire family of A. F. Winfield and his friends, now therefore, be it

Resolved, By the Senate that we express to the immediate members of the family of the deceased our sincere sympathy and regret upon the passing of this native Texan, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the members of the family of the deceased and that a page be set aside in the Senate Journal as a memorial to him, and that when the Senate adjourns to day it do so out of respect to the memory of A. F. Winfield.

AIKIN  
HARDEMAN  
TAYLOR

Signed—Allan Shiver, Lieutenant Governor; Senators Brown, Bullock, Carney, Chadick, Cousins, Crawford, Harris, Hazlewood, Jones, Kelley of Hidalgo, Kelly of Tarrant, Knight, Lane, Mauritz, Moffett, Parrish, Phillips, Proffer, Ramsey, Stanford, Stewart, Strauss, Tynan, Vick, Weinert, Winfield, York.

The resolution was read.

On motion of Senator Kelley the names of the Lieutenant Governor and all Members of the Senate were added to the resolution as signers thereof.

The resolution was adopted by a rising vote of the Senate.